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Social enterprise and social entrepreneurship research and theory: A bibliometric analysis from 1991 to 2010

The Third Sector (book)

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Other / Otros

Cooperative Development Gap in Québec and Saskatchewan 1980 to 2010: A Tale of Two Movements

Work–Family Balance: Is the Social Economy Sector More Supportive … and is this because of its More Democratic Management?

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NUMÉROS SPÉCIAUX

Special Issues / Ediciones especiales
Gouvernance et intÉrÊt GÉnÉral

Processes of Cross-Sector Collaboration: A Case Study of the Virginia Coastal Zone Management Program


http://www.bepress.com/npf/vol2/iss2/6/

Abstract excerpted from the article: “Organizations representing the nonprofit, public, and private sectors often collaborate to enhance capacities while addressing complex, interconnected problems. Using the framework of Bryson, Crosby, and Stone, processes used to support successful collaboration are explored empirically through a multiple sector arrangement involving 15 nonprofit, public, and private organizations. Findings are offered to augment the framework to incorporate organizational interests and leveraging resources. Implications for the study and practice of public management are discussed.”
**Public-Nonprofit Partnership Performance in a Disaster Context: the Case of Haiti**


*Abstract excerpted from the article:* “During disasters, partnerships between public and nonprofit organizations are vital to provide fast relief to affected communities. This article develop a process model to support a performance evaluation of such intersectoral partnerships. The model includes input factors, organizational structures, outputs and the long-term outcomes of public-nonprofit partnerships. These factors derive from theory and a systematic literature review of emergency, public, nonprofit, and network research. To adapt the model to a disaster context, it conducted a case study that examines public and nonprofit organizations that partnered during the 2010 Haiti earthquake. The case study results show that communication, trust, and experience are the most important partnership inputs; the most prevalent governance structure of public-nonprofit partnerships is a lead organization network. Time and quality measures should be considered to assess partnership outputs, and community, network, and organizational actor perspectives must be taken into account when evaluating partnership outcomes.”

**MODES DE DÉVELOPPEMENT ET DE Financement**

*Modes of development and financing / Modos de desarrollo y de financiamiento*

**Capital and the Debt Trap: Learning from Cooperatives in the Global Crisis (book)**

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “The financial crisis is destroying wealth but is also a remarkable opportunity to uncover the ways by which debt can be used to regulate the economic system. This book uses four case studies of cooperatives to give an in-depth analysis on how they have braved the crisis and continued to generate wealth.”

**Civilising community? A critical exploration of local civil society in North West Wales**


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “This paper examines the contested character of local civil society in rural North West Wales. Recent years have seen an increasing research and policy interest in the nature of civil society activity at the local level. In contributing to this, it argues that greater attention is paid to how relationships between civil society actors and organisations are shaped by local context. Drawing on the accounts of key individuals in a rural locality, the papers identify how the actors who have skills and experiences in running organisations relate to people in a disadvantaged, former slate-quarrying village in which such capacities are perceived to be lacking. Such relations between key actors, and between key actors and local people, are overlaid by divisions of class, language and incomer status, producing a contested field. It argues that these tensions have significant implications for statutory area-based regeneration projects aimed at community empowerment, which, in the worst instances, work to reaffirm rather than overcome such divisions.”

**Cooperatives and the State: The Case of Ontario**


Abstract excerpted from the article: “In the early 2000s, the cooperative movement in Ontario came together in order to lobby its provincial government for active cooperative development support programs. Momentum was building for these types of programs. Already, many provincial governments had implemented active
support programs in their jurisdiction. Despite having one of the largest cooperative sectors in Canada, Ontario was lagging behind. This article assesses the progress of the efforts of the Ontario cooperative movement to date. It details how the Ontario cooperative movement developed a sectoral identity for itself and framed its objectives in an effort to strengthen its relationship with the Ontario government.”

ÉVALUATION

Evaluation methods / Métodos de evaluación

Angels on the head of a pin: The SAC framework for performance measurement in social entrepreneurship ventures


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “By proposing a comprehensive measurement framework, this paper attempts to move the nascent body of theoretical and empirical work on performance measurement in social entrepreneurship ventures (SEVs) into reach for practitioners. The purpose of this paper is to help social entrepreneurs and academics put current knowledge to work to gain usable feedback about the success of operations. This paper offers a framework for measuring firm survival, social action, and social change in SEVs based on a review of theoretical and empirical work. This paper offers a framework for measuring firm survival, social action, and social change in SEVs based on a review of theoretical and empirical work.”

Understanding accountability in social enterprise organisations: a framework


http://www.emeraldinsight.com/journals.htm?issn=17508614&volume=7&issue=3&articleid=1958956&show=abstract
Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “Social enterprise organisations (SEOs) operate across the boundaries of the public, private and not-for-profit (NFP) sectors in delivering public services and competing for resources and legitimacy. While there is a rich literature on accountability in the private and public sectors, together with the wider NFP sector, SEOs have received comparatively little attention and remain a relatively under-researched organisational form. Drawing on accountability, legitimacy and user-needs theories, the purpose of this paper is to develop a practical framework which can be used to explore how accountability within SEOs is constructed and discharged.”

Gestion

Management / Gestión

Results from a strategic planning process: Benefits for a nonprofit organization


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “A nonprofit professional organization in education undertook a strategic planning process to address challenges, refine its mission and principles statement, and obtain feedback from the members in order to better meet their needs and move the organization forward in a cohesive and purposeful manner. Three key planning tools were used to collect data informing development of the new strategic plan. This article describes the design and implementation of these tools and reports key findings for each. We explain how we used the findings to inform revision of the mission statement and development of the strategic plan and discuss benefits of the process and implications for the future.”

Multi-stakeholder co-operatives in China: a resource mix structure approach

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “The purpose of this paper is to understand the emergence of new, multi-stakeholder co-operatives in China and identify their resource mix structure, as well as the influence of institutional environments. The empirical observations are related to a conceptual rationale of social enterprises as private businesses, and it is suggested that the new rural co-operatives found in China are increasingly caught in a “co-operative trilemma” and an emerging public–private “welfare partnership. The paper is developed from a conceptual rationale of social enterprises as private businesses that are not primarily driven by financial profit but by a combination of economic and social objectives, whereby stakeholders from various institutional spheres (market, state and civil society) are increasingly involved. Based upon this, the paper analyses and synthesizes the main findings from 20 cases investigated during fieldwork conducted in China. Data were gathered through a combination of semi-structured interviews with key figures in the field and documentary analysis.”

Innovation sociale

Social innovation / Innovación social

Social innovation, an analytical grid for understanding the social economy: the example of the Québec housing sector


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “Over the past few decades, there has been renewed interest in the social economy, especially in relation to the employment crisis and the reshaping of State’s interventions. The social economy plays an important role in solving new social problems with pioneering solutions, especially in the field of public services. It is important to better understand its innovative function. This article discusses the notion of social innovation and explains how it can be used as an analytical framework for understanding the social economy. The case of Québec social economy housing serves to illustrate this proposition.”
Public Private Partnerships and the Public Interest: A Case Study of Ottawa’s Lansdowne Park Development


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “Public private partnerships (PPPs) are increasingly advocated as beneficial for the delivery of public services, facilities, and infrastructure for municipal governments. However, such partnerships often raise serious concerns about transparency and accountability. While municipal governments across Canada have tried to increase public participation in local affairs, PPPs can impede such efforts. This article presents a case study of the Lansdowne Park PPP redevelopment in the City of Ottawa. We focus on how transparency and citizen engagement have been compromised and circumvented and link to broader issues of how to balance the privileged status of business and the demands for commercial confidentiality with the public interest, transparency, and citizen engagement in projects that use PPPs. The article concludes by arguing that some projects and some conditions can render the use of PPPs inappropriate and counterproductive in terms of both effectiveness and the basic principles of good governance.”

What is the Third Sector? From the Non-profit Sector to the Social and Solidarity Economy. Theoretical debate and European reality


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “Since the 1980s, there has been a renewal of interest for organisations which are neither public nor private for-profit initiatives. These organisations are most often referred to as the "third sector". The North-American approach - that adopted by the Johns Hopkins Project (Salamon and Anheier 1997) --, which is dominant at the international level, defines this third sector as the sector grouping together all non-profit organisations. But the empirical evidence in Europe has given birth to another theoretical approach, defining the third sector as a social and solidarity economy. This contribution aims to present and explain this European conception and to compare it with the North-American one in order to stimulate the international debate.”

Entreprenariat social et entreprenariat collectif: synthèse et constats


Résumé issu de l’URL ci-dessus: « L’article présente les résultats d’une recherche portant sur les notions d’entrepreneur social et d’entrepreneur collectif. Après avoir défini le concept d’entrepreneur, nous voyons comment les qualitatifs « social » et « collectif » transforment l’idée d’entreprendre en un projet plus intégré où les objectifs sociaux, politiques et économiques sont « harmonieusement » agencés. La recherche repose essentiellement sur la réalisation d’une revue de littérature de textes clés produits en langue française et anglaise en Amérique du Nord et en Europe. L’analyse des données recueillies nous permet de présenter des critères simples pour proposer une définition de ces notions qui devrait rendre compte de la réalité des pratiques rencontrées sur le terrain et des contributions théoriques et critiques faites par les auteurs et travaux consultés. Elle permet aussi de présenter une dizaine de constats qui illustrent tant les points de convergence que les divergences observées entre les types d’entreprenariat étudiés. »

Social enterprise and social entrepreneurship research and theory: A bibliometric analysis from 1991 to 2010


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “The purpose of this paper is to present a detailed analysis of the social enterprises (SE) and social
entrepreneurship (Seship) literature that has been published in international journals from 1991 to 2010, determining the intellectual structure of both fields and their maturity as academic fields of study. Using a quantitative methodology for literature study, named bibliometric analysis, relevant papers were obtained from three important international databases, and SE and Seship journals. An initial number of 1,343 records were identified and, after applying various filters, a total of 286 papers were studied for bibliometric indicators and epistemological orientation.

The Third Sector (book)


http://books.emeraldinsight.com/display.asp?K=9781780522807

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “The Third sector is of increasing economic and political interest but has been relatively ignored by critical management studies. The sector includes charities and a range of organisations such as non-governmental, nonprofit, voluntary and community, but also those trading for a surplus but with prominent social commitments, such as housing associations, credit unions, worker or consumer co-operatives and social enterprises. This book presents cutting-edge international research from a variety of critical perspectives. The chapters include case studies from Japan, South Africa, Canada, Denmark, France, Wales and England, as well as a number of theoretically-based explorations of key issues in the analysis of the Third Sector. The chapters have been developed from presentations and lively discussion at the critical management studies workshop, Montreal, August 2010. "DCMS" is an innovative series applying critical management studies to tightly specified topics.”

Autres

Other / Otros

Cooperative Development Gap in Québec and Saskatchewan 1980 to 2010: A Tale of Two Movements

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “This study uses Gramscian hegemony theory and the social movement approach to cooperative development to investigate the cooperative development gap that opened up between the provinces of Québec and Saskatchewan from 1980 to 2010. First, provincial sector growth is compared across several indices to establish this gap’s empirical scope and scale. Second, historical research and fieldwork findings are used to illuminate the gap’s origins and its historical significance. The article concludes that the development gap has been largely driven by bloc formation and dissolution—the historic erosion of Saskatchewan’s traditional, agrarian-cooperative bloc and the renewal and expansion of Québec’s social economy bloc.”

Work–Family Balance: Is the Social Economy Sector More Supportive … and is this because of its More Democratic Management?


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “This research compares perceived organizational support to work–family balance measures and policies in various work environments to determine whether the organizational context can be a mediating variable or whether the social economy sector, with its mission and management approach (participatory decision-making) might have an influence on organizational support to work–family balance. We studied the social economy sector and compared findings with three other sectors in the public service that have a public service mission but not the same democratic or participatory management mode: a metropolitan police service, social work, and nursing, all in the same city. Our research identifies many significant differences between the four sectors, essentially owing to the characteristics of the social economy sector. In addition to our quantitative research, we conducted interviews (36) in the sector and results indicate that the specificity of the social economy sector, i.e. mission and management mode, explain the overriding concern for work–life balance in the social economy sector.”

The Emerging Paradoxical Possibility of a Democratic Economy


Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: “This paper considers what happens in advanced industrial economies like that of the US, where traditional redistributive economic policies and programs have fallen out of favor, yet forces of crisis, which radicals once predicted would usher in a new, more egalitarian and democratic era, are well attenuated. It is argued that, paradoxically, as the growth potential of corporate capitalism declines and traditional redistributive mechanisms weaken, new spaces are opening up in which new, democratized forms of ownership and control of wealth are slowly emerging. After describing these developments, the paper explores the long-run possibilities and prospects their evolution may entail.”

NUMÉROS SPÉCIAUX

Special Issues / Ediciones especiales

Social economy, an international perspective. 25 Years of CIRIEC-España

CIRIEC-España, Revista de Economía Pública, Social y Cooperativa, no 73, Special issue, October 2011.

http://www.ciriec-revistaeconomia.es/index.php?id_pagina=7&id_revista=80

Abstract excerpted from page 6 of the present issue: “To mark CIRIEC-Spain's 25th anniversary, the editorial board of this journal has decided to publish a special edition based exclusively on contributions in English that give an account of the latest subjects being studied in this field. This continues the journal's new policy of publishing monographic editions in English.”

APPELS À COMMUNICATIONS

Calls for papers/ Convocatorias de artículos


• **L’Économie sociale et solidaire face aux défis de l’innovation sociale et du changement de société.** XIIe Rencontres du RIUESS (Réseau inter-universitaire de l’économie sociale et solidaire). 6 au 8 juin 2012. Nancy, France. Date limite pour soumettre (repoussée) au: **01 février 2012.** (Rappel).

• **Innovation sociale et coopération : une nouvelle génération de recherche.** Colloque organisé par le Centre de recherche sur les innovations sociales (CRISES) au Congrès de l’ACFAS, Enjeux de la recherche (colloque # 40). 8 et 9 mai 2012, Montréal, Québec (Canada). Date limite pour soumettre: **01 février 2012.**


• **Economía social: identidad, desafíos y estrategias.** VII Congreso de la Red RULESCOOP. 5, 6 y 7 de septiembre de 2012, Valencia y Castellón de la Plana, España. Plazo de presentación de propuestas de comunicación: **15 de febrero de 2012.**

• **El Año Internacional de las Cooperativas: desafíos y propuestas de la economía social en un monde en transformation.** XIV Jornadas Nacionales de Investigadores en Economía Social. 20, 21 y 22 de junio de 2012, País Vasco, España. Plazo de presentación de propuestas de resúmenes: **20 de febrero de 2012,** y de textos completos: **30 de abril de 2012.**

• **Special Issue on Nonprofit Branding.** International Review on Public and Nonprofit Marketing. Deadline for submission: **March 1st, 2012.** (RECALL).

• **The three SE pillars: Social Entrepreneurship, Social Economy and Solidarity Economy.** Third EMES International PhD Summer School Organized by EMES European Research Network (EMES), European Research Institute on Cooperative and Social Enterprises (Euricse), Italian Association on Culture, Cooperatives and Non-Profit (AICCON). July 4th -8th, 2012, Trento, Italy. Deadline for submission: **March 15th, 2012.** (RECALL)

• **L’entrepreneuriat social. Pour entreprendre autrement.** Numéro spécial de la Revue internationale PME. Date limite pour soumissions : **31 mars 2012.** (Rappel).

• **Membership and Mutual Benefit Associations.** Upcoming special issue of Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly. Deadline for submission: **May 25th, 2012.**

• **Monnaie, monnaies: pluralités et articulations des sphères d’échanges dans les sociétés contemporaines.** Revue Française de Socio-économie. Date limite de réception des articles: **31 mai 2012.** (Rappel).

• **Accounting, non-governmental organizations and civil society.** A Workshop sponsored by Accounting, Organizations and Society and Department of Accounting, London School of Economics and Political Science. December, 2012. London, UK. Deadline for submission: **October 30th, 2012.** (RECALL)

• **OTRA ECONOMÍA (Revista Latinoamericana de Economía Social y Solidaria).** Recepción de artículos **permanente,** en cualquier momento del año. (RECALL)
Events / Eventos

- **Promoting the understanding of cooperatives for a better world.** Conference organized by Euricse in collaboration with International Cooperative Alliance. *March 15th-16th, 2012.* Venice, Italy. (RECALL)
- **Dynamiques Territoriales et Économie Sociale.** Organisé par ESCEM Tours France. 22 et 23 mars 2012. Tours, France. (Rappel).
- **Cooperative Responses to Global Challenges.** International conference organized within the framework of the International Year of Cooperatives 2012 by the Division of Cooperative Sciences and the Berlin Institute for Cooperative Studies (BICS) at the Humboldt-University Berlin. *March 21st-23rd, 2012.* Berlin, Germany. (RECALL)
- **4th Fair Trade International Symposium and GeoFairTrade Final Conference.** April 2nd-4th, 2012. Liverpool, UK. (RECALL)
- **Third Euricse Conference on Cooperative Finance and Sustainable Development.** Organized by Euricse in collaboration with Federcasse (Italian federation of Cooperative Credit Banks) and with the support of EACB (European Association of Co-operative Banks). *June 14th-15th, 2012.* Trento, Italy. (RECALL)
- **Cooperating for Change in the International Year of Cooperatives.** Organized by the Canadian Association for Studies in Cooperation (CASC) and al. *June 24th-27th, 2012.* Montréal, Québec, Canada. (RECALL)
- **The Rationalization and Professionalization of the Nonprofit Sector.** The 28th EGOS Colloquium. *July 2nd-7th, 2012.* Hesinki, Finland. (RECALL)
- **Collective Processes of Social Innovation.** The 28th EGOS Colloquium. *July 2nd-7th, 2012.* Hesinki, Finland. (RECALL)

The first ISTR PhD Seminar preceding the 10th International Conference in Sienna, Italy, in July 2012. Organised by IST. July 8th -10th, 2012. Siena, Italy. (RECALL)


Sommet international des coopératives. Organisé par le Conseil québécois de la coopération et de la mutualité. 8 au 11 octobre 2012. Québec, Canada. (Rappel).

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