



# ECO-SOC INFO

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Responsables : Marie J. Bouchard, Paulo R. A. Cruz Filho et Tassadit Zerdani

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## GOVERNANCE ET INTÉRÊT GÉNÉRAL

*Governance and general interest / Gobernanza y interés general*

### Factors That Influence Monitoring and Resource Provision Among Nonprofit Board Members

*William A. Brown, Amy J. Hillman and Morris A. Okun. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 4, issue 1, pages 145-156, February 2012.*

<http://nvs.sagepub.com/content/41/1/145.abstract?etoc>

*Abstract excerpted from the article:* "This article explores antecedents of nonprofit directors' self-reported confidence and participation in two board functions: monitoring (executive performance appraisal, selection, fiscal operations, and implementation of strategy) and the provision of resources (advice and counsel, fundraising, and ties to external constituents). We propose that board member's experience and background in conjunction with other factors such as commitment to the mission, a sense of community with other board members, and training will influence confidence and participation in board functions. Data were collected via a survey from 591 board members in 64 different nonprofit organizations. Regression analyses showed that gender, experience as a nonprofit board member, service on other nonprofit boards, mission attachment, and training were the most consistent predictors of confidence and participation in board activities. Implications are noted for enhancing the contribution of board members to nonprofit organizations."

### Board/Staff Relationships in a Growth Crisis: Implications for Nonprofit Governance

*Wendy Reid and Johanne Turbide. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 41, issue 1, pages 82-99, February 2012.*

<http://nvs.sagepub.com/content/41/1/82.full.pdf+html>

*Abstract excerpted from the article:* "This longitudinal study of four not-for-profit organizations in the cultural sector examines the evolving relationship between boards and staff. Financial problems occurred as a result of enlarged physical facilities or increased programming. The study provides insights on how the behavior of boards and their relationships with executive leadership change during the phases of a crisis. The authors relate their findings to those of other governance studies on crises and alternative theories of governance. New insights on variations of trust and distrust may serve to explain the dynamics of change. This study contributes to the discussion of governance in the context of organizational crises in the not-for-profit sector."

## Factors affecting state-non-governmental organization relations in service provision: key themes from the literature

Claire McCloughlin. *Public Administration and Development*, volume, 31, issue, 4, pages 240-250, October 2011.

[http://www.emeraldinsight.com/bibliographic\\_databases.htm?id=17003177](http://www.emeraldinsight.com/bibliographic_databases.htm?id=17003177)

*Abstract excerpted from the article:* "Collaboration between the state and the non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in the provision of basic services is increasingly advocated in developing countries, yet there has been relatively little empirical research into the factors affecting the dynamics of these relationships. Much of the literature characterises state-NGO collaboration as fraught with inherent tensions, failing to live up to policy expectations and having negative implications for the non-state sector's autonomy and identity. However, these effects are likely to be contingent on a range of structural 'conditioning' factors, including the history and institutional context of the relationship, the nature of the organisations themselves and the way the relationship is formally and informally organised. Recent research also recognises that actors can deploy a range of strategies to determine their room for manoeuvre and influence. The effects of the relationship on the actors' autonomy and identity and the balance of power that emerges between them may not therefore be straightforward, suggesting a need for more systematic research in this regard."

## MODES DE DÉVELOPPEMENT ET DE FINANCEMENT

*Modes of development and financing / Modos de desarrollo y de financiamiento*

### Microfinance in Yanchi, Ningxia: The Social Enterprise Perspective

Pratik Modi. *The China Nonprofit Review*, Volume 3, pages 251-25, November 2011.

<http://www.ingentaconnect.com/content/brill/cnpr/2011/00000003/00000002/art00006#expand/collapse>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "Social enterprise is gradually transcending the category of nonprofits; they have risen rapidly with society's rapid growth. This article examines the case of the Ningxia Center for Environment and Poverty Alleviation [sic] and introduces its development into a social enterprise through provision of microloans. This non-governmental and public-interest form of organization combines the spirits of innovation and enterprise into one and offers a new way of thinking about resolving market failures."

### El tercer sector demanda una financiación sostenible

Marcos de Castro Sanz. *Revista Española del Tercer Sector*, número 19, 2012.

<http://www.fundacionluisvives.org/rets/19/articulos/80677/index.html>

*Resumen proveniente del artículo:* "El Tercer Sector está en dudosa situación financiera, especialmente si esta se plantea en un proyecto de futuro y mantenido en el tiempo. También lo está por atraso sistemático de la Administración en los pagos comprometidos. No recibe de los Poderes Públicos ni un compromiso sistemático y estable de financiación ni un pago en el plazo establecido. Lo que unido a determinadas políticas derivadas de la crisis actual, percibe el futuro con alguna oscuridad. Las entidades encuadradas en la atención social, de este sector, acaban de publicar un documento donde estudia este tema y propone mecanismo de solución. Los instrumentos de financiación existentes son elementos precarios que debilitan una actuación imprescindible para la cohesión social, más agravado por el hecho de que esa acción debería ser obligatoria para quienes fueron elegidos para gobernar y gestionar los medios que posibiliten una sociedad equitativa y cohesionada. El abandono de esta responsabilidad hace surgir al Tercer Sector como actor sustituto que provoque la cohesión social. No atender la demanda de una financiación estable significa un doble abandono de los Poderes Públicos. Se plantea, para ello, o una adecuación de los mecanismos de financiación pública existentes a las especificidades del Tercer Sector o la creación de un mecanismo nuevo adecuado a las características necesarias que hagan más posible y sostenible la acción por la cohesión social."

## ÉVALUATION

*Evaluation methods / Métodos de evaluación*

### Performance measurement in solidarity economy organizations: the case of fair trade shops in Italy

Marco Bellucci, Luca Bagnoli, Mario Biggeri and Vittorio Rinaldi *Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics*, volume 83, issue 1, pages 25-59, March 2012.

<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1467-8292.2011.00453.x/abstract>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "The aim of this paper is to introduce a multidimensional assessment model for organizations that have multiple goals and are not driven exclusively by profit. Therefore, it is an

assessment method particularly suitable for social enterprises. In order to measure the efficiency of production units in each dimension, the Data Envelopment Analysis non-parametric method is applied. Our case study is concerned with Fair Trade shops and members of the consortium Altromercato for which we collected variables that could be associated with input and output for the economic, socio-cultural and organizational dimensions. The results of the analysis confirm the presence of economies of scale in the economic dimension but not in the socio-cultural dimension. Moreover, our organizational analysis confirmed a low general professionalization. Our results also confirm, on the one hand, the more pronounced capacity of cooperatives to sell Fair Trade products compared to associations, which, on the other hand, have the tendency to achieve proportionately better results in the socio-cultural dimension.”

### **Performance management challenges in hybrid NPO/public sector settings: an Irish case**

Frank J. Conaty. *International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management*, volume 61, issue 3, pages 290-30, March 2012.

<http://www.ingentaconnect.com/content/mcb/079/2012/00000061/00000003/art00004>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* “This paper aims to explore the characteristics and organisational attributes of hybrid non-profit organisations (NPO)/public sector organisational settings to identify the particular challenges presented for performance management and to further explore the extent to which such characteristics and attributes might impinge on a move to “performance governance” as a performance framework ideal type.”

### **Do labour societies perform differently to cooperatives? Evidence from the Spanish building industry**

Franciso J. Saez-Fernandez, Andrés J. Picazo-Tadeo, and Carmen M. Liorca- Rodriguez. *Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics*, volume 83, issue 1, pages 61-81, March 2012.

<http://www.ingentaconnect.com/content/bpl/apce/2012/00000083/00000001/art00003>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* “Labour Societies and Cooperatives are both Social Economy enterprises, but with noticeable differences, some of which are imposed by legislation in Spain. The aim of this paper is to study whether such differences affect their management capacity and, in particular, efficiency. In doing so, Data Envelopment Analysis techniques and the metafrontier approach proposed by O'Donnell et al. (2008) are used on a sample of Spanish Labour Societies and Cooperatives belonging to the building industry. Scores of technical efficiency and metafrontier ratios are computed at firm level and, as a novel contribution to existing literature in this field of research, at input-specific level. The main finding shows that Cooperatives enjoy some technological advantages over Labour Societies, particularly in regard to the management of labour, fixed assets and current assets.”

## **GESTION**

*Management / Gestión*

### **An examination, through roles of accounting, of the commissioning of public services from the third sector: the case of a DWP funded initiative**

Don Harradine. *Public Money and Management*, volume 32, issue 2, pages 111-117, March 2012.

<http://www.ingentaconnect.com/content/routledg/pmam/2012/00000032/00000002/art00005>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* “The commissioning of public services from the third sector is explored. The article is based on a qualitative review of pilots for a Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) project—‘LinkAge Plus’—for people aged over 50. The article offers organizations and policy-makers new insights into the issues faced by the third sector and commissioners of services. The main issue identified is the fragility of the accounting information used to make decisions and monitor progress.”

### **Market orientation in nonprofit organizations: innovativeness, resource scarcity, and performance**

Pratik Modi. *Journal of Strategic Marketing*, volume 20, number 1, pages 55-67, February 2012.

<http://www.ingentaconnect.com/content/routledg/rjms/2012/00000020/00000001/art00006>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* “The theory of market orientation, emerging from the context of for-profit organizations, has potential application and use in the nonprofit sector. This research proposes links between market orientation, innovativeness, resource scarcity, funding source, and performance related variables in the nonprofit context. Based on the empirical data from 579 nonprofit organizations in India engaged in service delivery to beneficiaries, the study shows that market orientation in nonprofit organizations improves peer reputation, beneficiary satisfaction, and innovativeness. However, market orientation alone is not enough. Innovativeness is the missing link that mediates the market orientation and effectiveness relationship. The study shows that market

orientation does not help in attracting resources in the Indian context, a finding which runs counter to the evidences from previous studies carried out in the context of developed countries. The study finds that resource scarcity and funding sources do not moderate the market orientation and performance relationship. The implications for practitioners are discussed."

### **Organizational Form, Parental Involvement, and Quality of Care in Child Day Care Centers**

*Catherine Leviten-Reid. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 41, Issue 1, pages 36-57, February 2012.*

<http://nvs.sagepub.com/content/41/1/36.full.pdf+html>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "This research compares cooperative child day care centers to for-profit and independent nonprofit centers in terms of parental involvement in operations (such as fundraising and classroom participation), parental involvement in governance (specifically, serving on the board and attending the annual meeting), and quality of care. It also tests whether parent control of the board is associated with quality. Findings show that cooperative centers feature greater parental involvement in operational aspects, including fundraising and care of the center or grounds compared to for-profits and independent nonprofits. Cooperatives are also more likely to have parents on their boards and feature boards with parent majorities compared to independent nonprofits, although more than half of these nonprofit centers also have parent-controlled boards. Results also show that while the cooperative form, tested as a distinct organizational type, is not a predictor of quality, parent control of the board is a positive predictor of this outcome."

## **INNOVATION SOCIALE**

*Social innovation / Innovación social*

### **Intersectoral alliance and social innovation: When corporations meet civil society.**

*Denis Harrisson, Nizar Chaari and Mariline Comeau-Vallée. Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 83, issue 1, pages 1–24, March 2012.*

<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1467-8292.2011.00452.x/abstract>

*Abstract excerpted from the article:* "This article analyses an alliance between a public utility company and a consortium of Associations upholding consumer rights. The project consists of developing means in order to help customers with very low income in a collection situation by suggesting payment arrangements that would take account of their financial situation. Inter-organizational collaboration is a way to increase the capacities of organizations and to apply leverage to existing resources so as to solve social problems more effectively by pooling together resources, skills and knowledge. We examine the making of this social innovation through the arrangements taking in three institutional dimensions: cognitive, normative and regulative. The case study shows that the legitimacy of the agreement was based on recombining the values of fairness and solidarity. The innovation process was rooted in the exchange of knowledge and access to resources based on the expertise of actors. The agreement moved beyond the experimental framework when it was diffused as a newly learned procedure which became an organizational routine."

## **POLITIQUES PUBLIQUES**

*Public Policies / Políticas Publicas*

### **New Policy Spaces: The Impact of Devolution on Third Sector Policy in the UK**

*Pete Alcock. Social Policy and Administration, volume 46, number 2, pages 219-238, April 2012.*

<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1467-9515.2011.00832.x/abstract>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "The development of third sector policy in the UK since 1997 has seen changes which have been of significance both for analysts and practitioners. This period has seen government engagement with and support for the sector extend far beyond the levels found throughout much of the last century. This has led to a growth in the size and scale of the sector and a closer involvement of sector representatives in political debate and policy planning. These changes have taken place at the same time as third sector policy has been devolved to the new administrations in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. This article explores the impact of devolution on these policy developments and assesses the extent to which political devolution has led to policy divergence across the four countries in the UK. The conclusion is reached that policy devolution has created important new space for policy development for the third sector across the UK, but that the direction of travel in all four regimes has remained remarkably similar."

## Complexity and Hybrid Public Administration – Theoretical and Empirical Challenges

Tom Christensen and Per Lægneid. *Public Organization Review*, volume 11, issue 4, pages 407-423, 2011.

<http://www.springerlink.com/content/12930518503u1015/fulltext.pdf>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "Hybridity in the public sector may also mean different things. For some the concept is similar to complexity. For others they denote different structural and cultural dimensions or features existing together. Hybrid organizations can for example signify quasi-governmental organizations that exist at the interface between the public and private sector (Lan and Rainey 1992), which may be either market or civil society organizations (Koppell 2003); the mixture of market and hierarchy (Williamson 1991); the combination of political advocacy and service provision (Minkoff 2002); or the mixture of different structural forms inside the ministry, in relation to agencies, state-owned enterprises and regional and local government (Kickert 2001; Pollitt et al. 2007). Hybrid is also the term used to characterize different cultural elements like professional cultures in different parts of government."

## CONCEPTS ET DÉFINITIONS

*Concepts and definitions / Conceptos y definiciones*

### Building social capital for social entrepreneurship.

Hans Westlund and Malin Gawell. *Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics*, volume 83, issue 1, pages 101–116, March 2012.

<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1467-8292.2011.00456.x/abstract>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "By entrepreneurial combinations of voluntary resources, project means from public and private sources, commissions on contracts and other ways of financing, the youth house Fryshuset, with a great number of social activities for primarily young people in Stockholm, Sweden, has been able to allocate resources for establishing and expanding its activities. This development would not have been possible without struggle against established norms, values, traditions and institutions; not least the 'close to monopoly' that the public sector in practice was having on the fields in which Fryshuset emerged. Step by step, Fryshuset has built partnerships and alliances with public, private as well as civil actors. Expressed in a general way, Fryshuset has built a new social capital and created new norms and values. The aim of the paper is to investigate how Fryshuset has managed to build social capital through, and for entrepreneurial efforts aiming to facilitate young peoples' development."

### Businesses with a Difference: Balancing the Social and the Economic (book)

Edited by Laurie Mook, Jack Quarter, and Sherida Ryan. *University of Toronto Press, Scholarly Publishing Division*, 304 Pages, March 2012.

<http://www.utppublishing.com/Business-with-a-Difference-Balancing-the-Social-and-the-Economic.html>

*Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above:* "Market-based social economy firms such as social enterprises, social purpose businesses, co-operatives, credit unions, and community economic development corporations aim to meet distinct social needs while making money. Do these types of businesses have the potential for growth in the modern economy? Are they destined to function only in areas where conventional firms cannot achieve a sufficient rate of return? Or will the role of social economy organizations change as businesses begin placing more emphasis on corporate social responsibility? Building on the popular 2010 collection *Researching the Social Economy*, *Businesses with a Difference* explores the challenges and opportunities faced by firms that seek a genuine balance between their social and economic objectives. Through international case studies, including comparative analyses, this innovative collection highlights the unique issues that must be addressed when associations are accountable not to investors and shareholders, but instead to ordinary people."

## AUTRES

*Other / Otros*

### **A propos de la capacité à survivre des coopératives: une étude de la relation entre âge et mortalité des organisations coopératives agricoles françaises**

Damien Rousselière et Iragaël Joly. *Revue d'Études en Agriculture et Environnement*, volume 92, numéro 3, pages 259-289, Mars 2012.

[http://www.raestud.eu/pagint/recherche/affiche\\_art.php?cid=110](http://www.raestud.eu/pagint/recherche/affiche_art.php?cid=110)

Résumé issu de l'URL ci-dessus: « De nombreux travaux en économie industrielle et écologie des organisations s'intéressent de manière récente au lien entre l'âge de l'organisation et sa probabilité de disparition. Testant quatre propositions théoriques relatives à la relation entre âge et mortalité, nous développons ici une approche de la survie des coopératives agricoles françaises en comparaison avec les autres entreprises avec lesquelles elles sont en concurrence. Pour cela, nous mobilisons un modèle semi-paramétrique à temps discret (de type cloglog) intégrant l'hétérogénéité inobservée et isolant les effets des périodes de ceux de l'âge. Cette analyse met en évidence une dynamique temporelle particulière des coopératives. En conclusion, nous proposons quelques explications de ce fait stylisé en relation avec la compétition entre organisations. »

### **La législation sur les coopératives de crédit en Espagne**

Gemma Fajardo García. *Revue Internationale de l'Économie Sociale (RECMA)*, numéro 323, Février 2012.

<http://recma.org/node/1661>

Résumé issu de l'URL ci-dessus: « En 2010, le système bancaire espagnol comptait 160 banques résidentes, 36 caisses d'épargne et 80 coopératives de crédit. Les coopératives de crédit sont définies par la législation comme des sociétés dont l'objet social est de répondre aux besoins financiers de leurs associés et des tiers par le biais de l'exercice des activités spécifiques des établissements de crédit. En Espagne, elles se répartissent entre les caisses rurales et les caisses populaires et professionnelles, selon la composition de leur sociétariat et leur but poursuivi. Au fil de leur histoire, le jeu des fusions a engendré une réduction du nombre des entités, qui est passé de plus de 1 000 au début de la Guerre civile (1936) à 80 en 2010. Cette réduction est due aux transformations des coopératives de crédit en sections de crédit, aux absorptions par des coopératives, des banques et des caisses d'épargne, aux fusions, aux transformations et aux liquidations. »

### **Measuring the size, scope and scale of the social enterprise sector in Manitoba**

Ryan O'Connor, Peter R. Elson, Peter V. Hall and Brendan Reimer. *The Canadian CED Network, Mont Royal University – Institute for Nonprofit Studies and Simon Fraser University*, 70 p, 2012.

[http://ccednet-rcdec.ca/sites/ccednet-](http://ccednet-rcdec.ca/sites/ccednet-rcdec.ca/files/ccednet/_Scale_of_the_Social_Enterprise_Sector_in_MB_2.pdf)

[rcdec.ca/files/ccednet/\\_Scale\\_of\\_the\\_Social\\_Enterprise\\_Sector\\_in\\_MB\\_2.pdf](http://ccednet-rcdec.ca/files/ccednet/_Scale_of_the_Social_Enterprise_Sector_in_MB_2.pdf)

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "In the summer of 2011, 118 social enterprises across Manitoba were surveyed in an effort to develop clear indicators of the sector's size, market activities, and socio-economic impacts. Although the results are preliminary, this report builds a strong case for all stakeholders to value the distinct contributions of social enterprises and to work together in creating a supportive environment in which the sector can grow."

### **Atlas commenté de l'économie sociale et solidaire (livre)**

François Rousseau (sous la direction). *L'Observatoire national de l'économie sociale et solidaire porté par le Conseil national des Chambres régionales de l'économie sociale et solidaire (CNCRES)*, Juris éditions, collection hors-série, février 2012.

<http://www.dalloz-boutique.fr/atlas-commenté-de-l-economie-sociale-et-solidaire.html>

Résumé issue de l'URL ci-haut : « Structuré en six grandes thématiques : démographie d'entreprise, acteurs, économie, territoires, secteurs d'activité et enjeux et mutations, cet Atlas permet d'appréhender de la manière la plus pertinente ce qu'est l'ESS et de dresser le panorama de son évolution. Alors que l'ESS paraît être l'une des alternatives à un système économique et financier en pleine crise, cet ouvrage est indispensable à tous ceux qui souhaitent connaître et comprendre l'ESS et alimenter avec perspicacité le débat. »

## NUMÉROS SPÉCIAUX

*Special Issues / Ediciones especiales*

### L'Économie sociale et solidaire et le travail

*Dossier de la Revue Internationale de l'Économie Sociale (RECMA) numéro 323, Février 2012.*

<http://recma.org/node/1665>

### Social economy: a responsible people-oriented economy

*Special Issue of Service Business, volume 6, number 1, March 2012.*

<http://www.springerlink.com/content/1862-8516/6/1/>

## ACTIVITÉS DE RECHERCHE ET DE FORMATION

*Research and formation activities / Actividades de investigación y formación*

- **Programme court au deuxième cycle en gestion des entreprises sociales et collectives.** École des sciences de gestion de l'UQAM. Date limite pour s'inscrire : **1<sup>er</sup> mai 2012.**
- **MBA pour cadres spécialisé en entreprises collectives.** École des sciences de gestion de l'UQAM. Date limite pour s'inscrire : **15 mai 2012.**

## APPELS À COMMUNICATIONS

*Calls for papers / Convocatorias de artículos*

- **L'entrepreneuriat social. Pour entreprendre autrement.** Numéro spécial de la Revue internationale PME. Date limite pour soumissions : **31 mars 2012.** (RAPPEL)
- **Entrepreneuriat et Management des Coopératives : Regards Croisés.** 6<sup>ème</sup> édition du Congrès International d'Economie et de Gestion organisé par l'Université Ibn Zohr. 10 et 11 mai 2012, Agadir, Maroc. Date limite pour soumissions : **31 mars 2012.** (RAPPEL)
- **L'économie sociale : identité, défis et stratégies.** VII congrès du Réseau euro-latino américain des études en économie sociale et coopératives (RULESCOOP). 5, 6 et 7 septembre 2012, Valence y Castellon de la Plana, Espagne. Date limite pour soumissions : **31 mars 2012.**
- **Cooperatives in the Focus of a New Economic Policy.** XVII. International Conference on Cooperative Studies of the Association of Cooperative Research Institutes (Arbeitsgemeinschaft Genossenschaftswissenschaftlicher Institute, AGI). September 18<sup>th</sup> to 20<sup>th</sup>, 2012, Vienna, Austria. Deadline for submission: **April 10<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** (RECALL)
- **Diversité et durabilité des modèles agricoles coopératifs dans un contexte de crises de la mondialisation.** Colloque organisée par la Sfer, Coop de France et l'Inra. 06 et 07 novembre 2012, Paris, France. Date limite pour soumettre: **15 avril 2012.**
- **4th International social innovation research conference (ISIRC).** Organized by the Third Sector Research Centre, University of Birmingham. September 12<sup>th</sup> -14<sup>th</sup>, 2012, Birmingham, UK. Deadline for submission: **April 20<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** (RECALL)
- **4<sup>th</sup> EMES International Research Conference on Social Enterprise.** Organized by EMES European Research Network, in partnership with the Centre for Social Economy at HEC - University of Liege. July 1<sup>st</sup> - 4<sup>th</sup>, Liege, Belgium. Deadline for submission: **April 30<sup>rd</sup>, 2012.**



- ***Innovation, Décision et Dynamiques Sociétales : Quel modèle de développement humain à l'ère de la complexité ?*** Colloque international organisé par le groupe de recherche "Innovation, Responsabilités et Développement Durable - INREDD" de la Faculté du droit de Marrakech. 28 au 30 novembre 2012 à Marrakech, Maroc. Date limite pour soumettre: **30 avril 2012**.
- ***The Evolving Social Nature of Exchange.*** Allied Social Science Association Annual Meeting. January 4-6, 2013, San Diego, California, USA. Deadline for submission: **April 30<sup>rd</sup>, 2012**.
- ***8th NCVO/ VSSN Researching the Voluntary Sector Conference.*** 10-11th September 2012, University of Birmingham, UK. Deadline for submission: **April 30<sup>rd</sup>, 2012**.
- ***Membership and Mutual Benefit Associations.*** Upcoming special issue of *Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly*. Deadline for submission: **May 25<sup>th</sup>, 2012**. (RECALL)
- ***Monnaie, monnaies: pluralités et articulations des sphères d'échanges dans les sociétés contemporaines.*** *Revue Française de Socio-économie*. Date limite de réception des articles: **31 mai 2012**. (RAPPEL)
- ***Accounting, non-governmental organizations and civil society.*** A Workshop sponsored by Accounting, Organizations and Society and Department of Accounting, London School of Economics and Political Science. December, 2012, London, UK. Deadline for submission: **October 30<sup>th</sup>, 2012**. (RECALL)
- ***OTRA ECONOMÍA (Revista Latinoamericana de Economía Social y Solidaria).*** Recepción de artículos permanente, en cualquier momento del año. (RECALL)

## ÉVÉNEMENTS À VENIR

Events / Eventos

- ***Promoting the understanding of cooperatives for a better world.*** Conference organized by Euricse in collaboration with International Cooperative Alliance. **March 15<sup>th</sup>-16<sup>th</sup>, 2012**. Venice, Italy. (RECALL)
- ***Cooperative Responses to Global Challenges.*** International conference organized within the framework of the International Year of Cooperatives 2012 by the Division of Cooperative Sciences and the Berlin Institute for Cooperative Studies (BICS) at the Humboldt-University Berlin. **March 21<sup>st</sup>-23<sup>rd</sup>, 2012**. Berlin, Germany. (RECALL)
- ***Dynamiques Territoriales et Économie Sociale.*** Organisé par ESCEM Tours France. **22 et 23 mars 2012**. Tours, France. (RAPPEL)
- ***4th Fair Trade International Symposium and GeoFairTrade Final Conference.*** **April 2<sup>nd</sup>-4<sup>th</sup>, 2012**. Liverpool, UK. (RECALL)
- ***Philanthropy, Public Services, Policy: 'New' Localism and 'Big Societies'.*** XVI IRSPM Conference *Contradictions in Public Management: Managing in volatile times*, **April 11<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup>, 2012**. Rome, Italy. (RECALL)
- ***L'engagement et la contribution des personnes, la clé du succès des entreprises collectives publiques et d'économie sociale?*** Colloque annuel du CIRIEC-Canada dans le cadre du Congrès de l'Acfas. **8 mai 2012**, Montréal, Québec (Canada). (RAPPEL)
- ***Innovation sociale et coopération : une nouvelle génération de recherche.*** Colloque organisé par le Centre de recherche sur les innovations sociales (CRISES) au Congrès de l'ACFAS, Enjeux de la recherche (colloque # 40). **8 et 9 mai 2012**, Montréal, Québec (Canada). (RAPPEL)
- ***Politique et recherche en matière d'investissement communautaire.*** **24-25 mai 2012**. Ottawa, Canada. (RAPPEL)

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- ***The Changing Role of Nonprofits and the Social Economy in an Uncertain World.*** Fifth Annual Conference, Association for Nonprofit and Social Economy Research (ANSER). **May 30<sup>rd</sup> to June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2012.** Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. (RECALL)
  - ***L'Économie sociale et solidaire face aux défis de l'innovation sociale et du changement de société.*** XIIe Rencontres du RIUESS (Réseau inter-universitaire de l'économie sociale et solidaire). **6 au 8 juin 2012.** Nancy, France. (RAPPEL)
  - ***Social Innovation for competitiveness, organisational performance and human excellence.*** The 12<sup>th</sup> EURAM 2012 conference. Organised by The European Academy of Management (EURAM). **June 6<sup>th</sup>-8<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Rotterdam, The Netherlands. (RECALL)
  - ***Alternative Business Models for Sustainable Development.*** Colloquium Euram. **June 6<sup>th</sup>-8<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Rotterdam, The Netherlands. (RECALL)
  - ***Third Euricse Conference on Cooperative Finance and Sustainable Development.*** Organized by Euricse in collaboration with Federcasse (Italian federation of Cooperative Credit Banks) and with the support of EACB (European Association of Co-operative Banks). **June 14<sup>th</sup> -15<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Trento, Italy. (RECALL)
  - ***El Año Internacional de las Cooperativas: desafíos y propuestas de la economía social en un mundo en transformación.*** XIV Jornadas Nacionales de Investigadores en Economía Social. **20, 21 y 22 de junio de 2012,** País Vasco, España. (RECALL)
  - ***Vers une économie humaine. Pensées critiques d'hier pour aujourd'hui : Desroche, Lebre, Lefebvre, Mounier, Perroux.*** Organisé par l'ISMÉA, appuyé par le CIAPHS (universités Rennes 2, Rennes 1 et IEP de Rennes). **21 et 22 juin 2012.** Caen, France. (RAPPEL)
  - ***New Zealand conference research on cooperatives. Building a better world the role of cooperatives and mutuals in economy and society.*** Organized by the New Zealand Association for the Study of Cooperatives and Mutuals in conjunction with Victoria University of Wellington and the New Zealand Cooperatives Association. **June 21<sup>st</sup> -23<sup>rd</sup>, 2012,** Wellington, New Zealand. (RECALL)
  - ***Cooperating for Change in the International Year of Cooperatives.*** Organized by the Canadian Association for Studies in Cooperation (CASC) and al. **June 24<sup>th</sup>-27<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Montréal, Québec, Canada. (RECALL)
  - ***The Rationalization and Professionalization of the Nonprofit Sector.*** The 28<sup>th</sup> EGOS Colloquium. **July 2<sup>nd</sup>-7<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Hesinki, Finland. (RECALL)
  - ***The three SE pillars: Social Entrepreneurship, Social Economy and Solidarity Economy.*** Third EMES International PhD Summer School organized by EMES European Research Network (EMES), European Research Institute on Cooperative and Social Enterprises (Euricse), Italian Association on Culture, Cooperatives and Non-Profit (AICCON). **July 4<sup>th</sup> -8<sup>th</sup>, 2012,** Trento, Italy. (RECALL)
  - ***Collective Processes of Social Innovation.*** The 28<sup>th</sup> EGOS Colloquium. **July 2<sup>nd</sup>-7<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Hesinki, Finland. (RECALL)
  - ***Mainstreaming Co-operation: An Alternative for the 21st Century?*** Organised by the Co-operative College, Liverpool John Moores University, Liverpool University, Manchester Metropolitan University, Edge Hill University and the University of Central Lancashire. **July 3<sup>rd</sup>-5<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Manchester and Rochdale, UK. (RECALL)
  - ***The first ISTR PhD Seminar preceding the 10th International Conference in Sienna, Italy, in July 2012.*** Organised by IST. **July 8<sup>th</sup> -10<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Siena, Italy. (RECALL)
  - ***Democratization, Marketization, and the Third Sector.*** The Tenth International Conference of the International Society for Third Sector Research (ISTR). **July 10<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup>, 2012.** Siena, Italy. (RECALL)
  - ***The fifth Colloquium on Social Entrepreneurship.*** Organised jointly by the Skoll Centre for Social Entrepreneurship, University of Oxford, and CASE, Duke University. **July 16<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup>, 2012,** Oxford, UK. (RECALL)

- ***Response Strategies of Social Economy and the Contribution of Social Organizations to the Rural World.*** Section Number 39 ([details](#)) of the *XIII World Congress of Rural Sociology*. **July 29 to August 4, 2012**, Lisbon, Portugal. (RECALL)
- ***Economía social: identidad, desafíos y estrategias.*** VII Congreso de la Red RULESCOOP. **5, 6 y 7 de septiembre de 2012**, Valencia y Castellón de la Plana, España. (RECALL)
- ***Travail, Organisations et Politiques Publiques : Quelle « Soutenabilité » à l'Heure de la Mondialisation?*** Thème des 23e Journées de l'Association d'économie sociale, organisé par le LEST CNRS (UMR 6123). **13 et 14 septembre 2012**. Aix en Provence, France. (RAPPEL)
- ***L'étonnant pouvoir des coopératives.*** Sommet international des coopératives. **8 au 11 octobre 2012**. Québec, Canada. (RAPPEL)
- ***Quand marchand et non marchand se rencontrent.*** Colloque organisé par le laboratoire VALLOREM sous l'égide de la Fédération Gaston Berger et parrainé par l'AIMAP (Association Internationale de Recherche en Management Public). **22 et 23 novembre 2012**, Orléans, France. (RAPPEL)

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